The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,829—New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
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Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

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Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
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Single Copy.....As. 4.
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Ten Lines and under—

First Insertion	Rs. 5 0
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A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion .....8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4½ „ „
Third and succeeding „ 2½ „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.
For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Chances of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.
No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free to India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy .....As. 4.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHANDA, 2,021 Tons, on THURSDAY, 27th May, 1880, at 8 P. M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Portsaire called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore on Saturdays, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7.45 p.m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

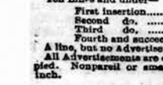
FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. BURMAH, 1081 Tons, on TUESDAY, 25th May, at 4 p.m. calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "CALCUTTA," 863 Tons, on SATURDAY 29th May, 1880, at 10 a.m.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 21st May 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY,
VIA SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.
THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE
GENOA and BOMBAY
on the 24th, on the 1st
of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	
Suez	360	220	80	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Messina	500	340	140	
Naples	500	34	140	Without food
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	520	350	145	

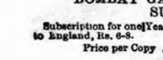
Including Wine

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks, all extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st June, 1880.
GENOA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st July 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.
The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.
First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to
F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino S. N. Company.
No. 2, Rhumum Street.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

HALL LINE
BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL.
CALLING AT MALTA.



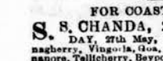
FARE TO MALTA .....Rs. 400.
„ TO LIVERPOOL..... „ 500.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay :—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
S. S. RYDAL HALL	2700	400	C. Chapple	18th June.
S. S. SPEKE HALL	2709	400	W. Brand	21st July.

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.
Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
For plans, handbooks, or for any other information apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.
CALLING AT MALTA.



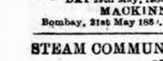
THE following STEAMERS will be despatched for the above port :—

	Tons.	H.P.
Captains.		
TRENTHAM HALL	2,100	350
WISTOW HALL	2,700	500
Collin.		
Cottin.		

June 3rd.
July 8th.

FARE TO MALTA .....Rs. 400
„ TO LIVERPOOL..... „ 500.
Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
For further particulars apply to
EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

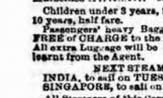


MESSRS. PAPAYANNI and Company's Steamers will be despatched as under.

	Tons.	H.P.	
THESSALIA	1,857	200	„ 26th May.

These Steamers have comfortable accommodation for about twenty First Class Passengers. Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents,
Graham's Buildings, 26th April 1880.

ANCHOR LINE
OF
TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.
INDIAN SERVICE.



THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay :—
TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Commanders.	Tons.	H.P.	Nominal.
S. S. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison	3060	500	30th May.
S. S. OLYMPIA	J. Craig	2050	424	17th July.

The Sidonian has not Passenger accommodation.
FOR NAPLES AND LIVERPOOL.

S. S. INDIA	Geo. H. Read	2269	500	12th June.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.
Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to		
New York	Rs.	600
Liverpool	„	500
Marseilles and Genoa	„	450
Naples	„	400

For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.
N.B.—The New York passengers are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.
There are weekly sailings from either place.

ANCHOR LINE.

S. S. ITALIA,
CAPTAIN S. KNOX,
3,345 Tons, 424 H. P.

WILL sail on 29th instant for LIVERPOOL DIRECT. Apply for terms of passage to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Graham's Building, 13th May 1880. Agents.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
SUMATRA	2498	450	R. F. Briscoe	22nd May
KASHGAR	2621	450	E. J. Baker	29th do.
LOMBARDY	2723	450	G. N. Hector	5th June
NIZAM	2 25	450	G. W. Brady	9th do.
TEHERAN	2589	400	E. Stewart	19th do.
INDUS	3462	600	R. D. Shallard	26th do.
ZAMBESI	2421	370	A. Symons	3rd July.
NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	10th do.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Ormsby	17th do.
KHEDIVE	3860	600	P. S. Tomlin	24th do.
SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	31st do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Massgon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O.S.N. Company.
Bombay, 17th May, 1880.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
MIRZAPORE	3887	600	A. Parish	21st May.
NINGPO	3091	600	E. G. Stead	4th June.
RAVENNA	3500	600	A Coleman	18th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Massgon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 17th May 1880.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
SIAM	3014	500	A. W. Adamson	21st May.
ASSAM	2663	500	N. Stewart	5th June.
HYDASPES	2984	500	R. Harvey	19th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Massgon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 17th May 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.
F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th March 1880.

MR. DAVID McIVER'S LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay :—

	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	nom.	
S.S. THESSALY	F. Raibord.	1,925	200		5th June.

FARE .....Rs. 400.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the BANK PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, and GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY the 24th instant, in honour of the EMPRESS OF INDIA'S BIRTHDAY.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
M. BALFOUR,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 12th May 1880.

THE undermentioned BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 24th instant, in honour of the EMPRESS OF INDIA'S BIRTHDAY :—
For the Oriental Bank Corporation,
R. D. CAIRNS, pro Agent.
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, & China,
REG. MURRAY, Agent.
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China,
THOS. FORREST, Agent.
For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris,
FRANCIS VOUILLON, Manager.
For the National Bank of India (Limited),
W. A. BAKER, Manager.
For the Agra Bank (Limited),
J. HUTTON, Manager.
For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
G. E. NOBLE, Agent.
Bombay, 10th May 1880.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LD,
Branch of the Societé Generale of Paris.

THIS Company is now prepared to undertake the LIGHTING, temporarily or permanently, of Streets, Squares, Gardens, Palaces, Town Halls, Concert or Assembly Houses, Durbar Halls, Railway stations, Workshops, Factories, Mills, Press-houses, Docks, Jetties, Bridges, Towers, Beacons, Light-houses, Steamers and any place where night work is carried on.
The light is further specially suited for Nautches, Marriage Fêtes, Fairs, Balls and such entertainments.
Estimates will be forwarded, on application to the CHIEF ENGINEER, care of
MESSRS. PEEL, CASSELS & Co.,
Bombay.

THE TEMPLE SCHOOL,
ENFIELD HOUSE, PANCHGANI.

PRINCIPALS. { Rev. ALBERT YOUNG, and
{ Mrs. YOUNG, of London, late of Bombay.

THE above School for boys and girls was established last year in consequence of the great need that was then felt for such an institution in this healthy hill Station; and the success already attained is a source of hope that want has been fully supplied. The school has nearly completed the first year of its existence, and it is hoped that it has gained the confidence of the Parents of the Presidency.
The chief desire of the Principals is to provide a pleasant home for children and to secure their progressive improvement. The course of study adopted is in accordance with the requirements of the Government Educational Department.
The Dormitories are large and comfortable; the Commissariat is plain and plentiful; and due attention is paid to physical exercise.
Special attention is directed to the reduction of fees which has been made in consideration of many appeals.

TERMS.

Boarders over 12 years of Rs. 35 per mensem.
Under „ „ 30 „
(This includes Tuition, Washing, &c.)

Day Scholars from Rs. 3 to Rs. 10 according to the Standards of Education.
Pianoforte and Singing conducted by Mrs. Young, who is a certificated pupil of Sir Julius Benedict, from Rs. 6 to Rs. 10.
Coats, Bed and Table Linen, Plate, &c. provided.
At the close of the May Recess studies will be resumed on 1st June.

Testimonial kindly permitted :—
"Prospect House," Panchgani, April 20.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in testifying to the care and attention bestowed on my three children since they have been under your tuition. They have made satisfactory progress in their studies. I congratulate you on the success which has attended your labours and I have no doubt that continued prosperity will be the result of the good care that the pupils receive at your hands.
With best wishes, believe me, Dear Sir, yours faithfully,
W. E. GORDON.

TRAVELLERS' PROCEEDING TO EUROPE can procure from THACKER & CO., LIMITED, Books, Stationery, Maps, Guide Books, Cheap Novels, Indian Photographs, Travelling Writing Cases, Courier Bags, Games, Purses, Air Cushions, Binoculars and a variety of Sundry Travellers' Requisites.

THACKER AND CO., LIMITED.
OPPOSITE BOMBAY CLUB.

L. STEFFENAUER.
WATCHMAKER,

No. 8, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY,

BEGS to inform the Public that a large supply of all qualities of Watches, from Rs. 14 in Brass, Rs. 18 to Rs. 250 in Silver, and Rs. 60 to Rs. 1,000 in 18 carat Gold cases, has just arrived, and Mr. Steffenauer will be able to supply any one according to his wish, at very moderate Prices.
Out of these Watches Mr. Steffenauer especially recommends his Silver Rs. 50 with English Lever Escapement, also his Rs. 40 with Sniesse Lever Escapement and his Germansilver Railway Regulator, very strong and durable, for Rs. 30.
There is so great a variety of all kinds of cheap Germansilver and Silver Watches, say from Rs. 18 to Rs. 30, at present in Stock, unable all to be mentioned which are guaranteed for one year. All Watches Rs. 40 and above are guaranteed for two years. 10 per cent. discount allowed if two watches are taken together on cash payment. If more than two are taken Watches will be supplied at wholesale rates. There has also a large stock of French Clocks newly arrived. Repairs executed by Mr. L. Steffenauer himself at moderate prices.

Catalogues sent free on Application.
L. STEFFENAUER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VICTORIA GARDENS.

BY KIND PERMISSION OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER,
A GRAND VOLUNTEER *AL FRESCO* ENTERTAINMENT,
IN AID OF THE BAND FUND OF THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS,
will be given in the above beautiful Gardens,
THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, MAY 22ND.

THE GARDENS WILL BE
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUMINATED
with a magnificence never before attempted.

The Committee have much pleasure in announcing that
MR. DAVE CARSON
and
MISS CLARA STANLEY
Have kindly consented to allow their excellent and talented Companies to appear on this occasion.
THE GAIETY THEATRE WILL BE CLOSED.

Every facility will be given to the LOVERS OF DANCING.
THE BAND OF THE CORPS
Will be in attendance to discourse Sweet Music for the Votaries of the
LIGHT FANTASTIC.

PROGRAMME.
AT 9 P.M. SHARP.

Overture .....Orchestra.
The performance will commence with a Screaming Negro Sketch, entitled
YOU DON'T SAY SO.
You Don't.....Mr. Joseph Arthur.
Say So .....Mr. Thomas Moore.

THE SISTERS KATE AND LILLY HEDDERWICK in their Charming Song and Dance,
WILL YOU TAKE MY ARM ?

Nautical Ballad.....Our Jack's Come Home.
MR. H. OAKLEY.

MR. JOHN DREW
in his side-splitting representation of
THE FUNNY OLD GIRL.

An interval of 20 minutes, during which time
DAVE CARSON'S LIVING MARIONETTES,
The Lilliputian wonders of the Age! will be on view, under the direction of Mr. J. Devono

AT 9-50 P.M.
DAVE CARSON,
will appear as
"AUNTY SMITH."

Ballad.....Selected.
MR. H. OAKELY.

MESSRS. MOORE AND DREW,
in their great speciality
THE ACROBATIC NIGS.

AN INTERVAL OF 15 MINUTES.
During which the celebrated
MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS
will be exhibited.
An Artist has been actually engaged from the well known establishment of Madame Tussaud's to superintend this splendid collection of works of Art.

AT 10-35 P.M.
Will be produced Chas Le cocq's comic opera, entitled
MY NEW MAID,
Lady Lucy L'Estrange ..... Miss Clara Stanley.
Lady Graemere [Disguised as a Servant.] Miss Bertha Hoctor.

At 11 4-45.
GRAND DISPLAY OF
FIREWROKS.

COME ONE, COME ALL.
The Refreshment arrangements will be under the direction of Messrs. C. BOUNEVIAL E & Co.
Gates open at 8-30. Entertainments will begin at 9 o'clock.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
(Including admission).

Reserved and numbered Chairs in front of Stage	Rs.	3 0
Un-numbered	„	2 0
Promenade	„	1 0

Plan of Seats and Tickets at SOUNDY & Co.
Tram Cars will run at short intervals to and from Byculla Bridge.
F. STOKES, Captain and Adjutant,
W. M. TENNENT, Captain,
Honorary Secretaries.
D. S. KEMP, Captain,
Honorary Treasurer.

KURRACHEE ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.
FIRST CALL of Rs. 50 a Share is now PAYABLE at the office of the undersigned.
C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

KURRACHEE ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.
APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned for a few remaining UNALLOTTED SHARES.
C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in the I. G. Dockyard on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd June, 1880, and the days following, a quantity of OLD UNSERVICEABLE MARINE STORES, consisting of Anchors, Canvas, Sails, Rope (Coir and Europe), Boats, Booms, Masts, Yards, Iron, Brass, Copper, Lead, Wooden cases, Casks, Tin, Drums, Cordage, &c., also a quantity of SPARE MACHINERY. Terms of sale as usual, and for further particulars apply to the undersigned.
G. B. HEWETT.
Officiating Marine Storekeeper.
Marine Storekeeper's Office, Bombay, 21st May 1880.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of BOMBAY will be held in the Municipal Offices on FRIDAY, the 28th May, 1880, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of adopting an ADDRESS to the Most Honourable the MARQUIS of RIPON, who has been appointed Viceroy and G. G. of India, on the occasion of his landing in Bombay, on or about the 1st proximo.
By Order of the Town Council,
SORABJEE NAVAROJEE COOPER,
Acting Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Corporation Office, 21st May 1880.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE POWAY ESTATE.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the PURCHASE of the undermentioned PRODUCE of the following Villages of the above Estate for the year 1880-81, for a period of one year, commencing from 1st July, 1880, and ending 30th June, 1881, will be received at the office of the Receiver up to 1 o'clock p.m. on 5th June next.
PRODUCE.—Grass, Mango, *Kalmi* and *Jungli*, Brab and Date Trees, Leaves and Fruit, Grasses, &c., Tanka Revenue of Paddy Fields and stone from Quarries.
VILLAGES.—Poway, Tirandaz, Kopri, Toongwa, Sanki, Puspouli, Kanjoor, Vikroli, and Ghoreswar Garden.
Should no satisfactory offer be received within the aforesaid time, each produce will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION at its proper season.
GRASS will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on SUNDAY, the 6th June next, at 12 noon, at Poway Bungalow.
For further particulars apply at the office of the undersigned, No. 18, Sassoon Building, Fort, who does not bind himself to accept any Tender.
ARDASEER FRAMJEE MOOS.
Bombay, 20th May 1880.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.
MONSOON ALTERATION OF TRAINS.

ON and after June 1st, the Down Mail will leave Colaba Bombay, at 6-30 o'clock in the morning, Madras 11 no. Su at 2-45 p.m., Broach 4 20, Baroda 6-20 and arrive at Ahmedabad at 9-0 p.m.
The Up Mail will leave Ahmedabad at 7-0 o'clock in the morning, Baroda 9-35, Broach 11-25, Surat 1-25 p.m., and arrive at Colaba at 9-30 p.m.
The Down Mixed will leave Colaba at 6-45 a.m., and arrive at Surat at 7-20 p.m.; leave Surat at 9-15 a.m., Broach 12-14 p.m., Baroda 3-20, and arrive at Ahmedabad at 7-45 p.m.; leave Ahmedabad at 8-3 a.m., Viramgam at 9-45, and arrive at Wadhwan at 12-35 p.m.
The Up Mixed will leave Wadhwan at 8-15 a.m., Viramgam 11-25 and arrive at Ahmedabad at 2-25 p.m.; leave Ahmedabad at 8-0 a.m., Baroda 12 33 p.m., Broach 3-27, and arrive at Surat at 6-15 p.m.; leave Surat at 6-30 a.m., and arrive at Colaba at 7-0 p.m.
For further particulars see the Time Tables which will in a day or two be exhibited at all Stations.
J. R. DUXBURY,
Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 21st May 1880.

COL. HAWES' KANGRA VALLEY MOUSIMBUL ESTATE TEA AGENCY. Sole Agents and Proprietors of the Croo. M. H. MAJU & Co. of Bombay, Elphinstone Circle, No. 4, (Messrs. Bolton & Co.'s old Building).

COL. HAWES' MOUSIMBUL CELEBRATED EXTRA FINE ORANGE PEKOE, in handsome tin boxes. Re 1-12 per lb, Above fifteen lbs. five per cent. discount.

COL. HAWES' MOUSIMBUL BEST PEKOE SOUCHONG. in handsome tin boxes, Re. 1-8 per lb. Above fifteen lbs. five per cent. discount.

COL. HAWES' MOUSIMBUL EXTRA FINE SOUCHONG, in handsome tin boxes Re 1-4 per lb. Above fifteen lbs, five per cent discount.

COL. HAWES' MOUSIMBUL TEA AGENCY.—CAUTION—No Tea Boxes genuine without our Stamp on two sides. Bombay, Elphinstone Circle, No 4, M. H. MAJU & Co.

COL. HAWES' MOUSIMBUL TEA AGENCY.—Above Teas in 50 lbs. Chests three annas less per lb. 3000 Agents and Proprietors of the Crop.
M. H. MAJU & Co. of Bombay.

BOMBAY TO EUROPE.

PASSENGERS FROM OUT-STATIONS, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, &c., &c.
Can provide themselves best with
AIR BEDS AND CUSHIONS :
Folding Chairs :
CARDS, BEZIQUE, DOMINOES,
The Compendium of Games, &c., &c.
FIELD AND MARINE GLASSES,
Filters of every description.
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,
Manilla and Trichinopoly, of first-rate quality :
Pipes, Tobaccos, &c., &c. :
INDIAN CONDIMENTS,
Barrie's Celebrated Chutni, Curry Powder and Paste, Mulligatani Paste, and Madras Sauce.
Infants' & Invalids' Foods :
Nursery Lamps and Appliances :
LUNCHEON BASKETS :
Pocket Canteens, and Dram Flasks :
OVERLAND TRUNKS, PORTMANTEAUX, COURIER AND HAND BAGS, DRESSING BAGS AND CASES,
TRAVELLING HATS, CAPS, &c.
Ladies' Metal Bonnet Boxes & Trunks :
STATIONERY :
Purses, Pocket Books, Card cases, Desks, Paper and Envelopes, Writing Cases, &c.
TOILET REQUISITES,
Eau de Cologne, Soaps, Sponges, Dentifrices, Hair, Nail, and Tooth Brushes, Pomades, &c., &c.

WINES AND SPIRITS
of every description and of the finest brands from
TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

BOMBAY :—Rampart Row, the Fort, three doors from Bombay Club, and in the vicinity of the Esplanade, Taylor's, Victoria, Waverley, and other Fort Hotels;
BYCULLA :—Junction of Clare and Bellasis Roads, and near the Byculla Club, the Byculla and Adelphi Hotels;
POONA :—Arsenal Road (Staff Lines), near to the Western India Club and in the vicinity of the Napier and Poona Hotels.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY AND OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

PLAIN WHITE or BROWN COTTON SOCKS	from Rs.	5 8 per ½ doz.
FANCY STRIPED COTTON SOCKS, a large variety of Patterns	from	6 0 „
LISLE THREAD SOCKS, in Plain White or Stripes, made from Fine Linen, the coolest Socks made	from Rs.	8 0 „
MERINO SOCKS, in Plain Colours or Stripes, in thin or stout Qualities, a large Assortment of Patterns	from Rs.	8 8 „
THE BEST PURE SILK SOCKS, in Black, Dark Blue, Cardinal, and Fancy Stripes for Evening Wear		10 8 per pair.
STOUT HAND-KNIT SOCKS and STOCKINGS for Shooting	from	2 8 „
FINE GAUZE MERINO UNDER-VESTS, very thin and cool	from	2 8 each.
FINE ZEPHYR MERINO VESTS, made especially for hot weather Wear—		
Size Round Chest	inches	40, 38, 36, 34, 32
Price	Rs.	7, 6 8, 6, 5 8, 5 0 each.
FINE SILK and WOOL VESTS, very thin and absorbent, beautiful Wear, and the most comfortable Vest for hot weather—		
Size Round Chest	inches	40, 38, 36, 34, 32
Price	Rs.	9, 8-8, 8, 7 8, 7 0 each.
We have a very large assortment in thin Under-Vests in all the newest and best makes, to which we would call special attention.		
FINE GAUZE MERINO PANTS, very thin	from	2 8 per pair.
We also have a large assortment of all stout makes of Hosiery.		
GENTLEMENS WHITE SHIRTS without Collars, washed and ready for use. Fine Linen Fronts and Cuffs, and strong Longcloth Bodies	Rs. 25, 32 8, 37 8, and	42 8 per ½ doz.
WHITE SHIRTS with Shakespeare Collars attached, fine Linen Fronts, Collars, and Cuffs ready for use	Rs.	36 0 per ½ doz
COLOURED SHIRTS with Shakespeare Collars attached, a large Assortment of Patterns in Oxford, Zephyr, and French Printed Cloths, washed ready for use		36 0 per ½ doz.
FINE WHITE LINEN COLLARS, best English make. In all the latest styles and fashions		7 8 per doz.
GENTLEMEN'S COLOURED SILK WINDSOR TIES, in all the newest colours		2 8 each.
SAILOR'S KNOT TIES in Plain Colours and new Fancy Patterns	Rs. 2 &	2 8 each.
BEST EXTRA LONG OTTOMAN COLOURED SILK SCARVES, reversible for tying in the Sailor's Knot		5 8 „
WASHING SILK and DRILL SCARVES and TIES.		
BLACK SCARVES and TIES, all shapes, always kept in stock.		
BRACES !! The French Brace very light and strong		2 8 per pair.
VERY STRONG RUBBER BRACES, all styles and patterns	from	2 8 „
GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS and SHOES, best English made, in Plain Calf and Patent Leather		
The New EVENING SHOES or DANCING PUMPS for Wearing with Silk Socks, very low		14 0 „
OVERLAND TRUNKS!! Best Black Canvas, bound with Leather, Strong Iron Frame, all Sizes in stock—		
Length	inches	36, 33, 30, 27
Price	Rs.	36, 33, 30, 27 0 each.
BEST SOLID LEATHER OVERLAND TRUNKS, made from very thick Solid Leather, the most durable Trunk made, will stand any amount of rough wear	from	60 0 each.
SOLID LEATHER and BLACK CANVAS RAILWAY PORTMANTEAUS, will go beneath a Railway Seat	from	27 8 „
BEST BROWN LEATHER GLADSTONE BAGS, with Patent Slides on Top, the most convenient Bag made, and very strong	from	35 0
BLACK LEATHER SMALL HAND BAGS, very convenient	from	10 8 each.
BROWN-CANVAS and BLACK LEATHER COURIER BAGS, with Patent Spring Lock, Strap all round, in all sizes	from	9 8 each.
AIR-TIGHT TIN UNIFORM CASES, also large Cases for Ladies' Dresses, &c.	from	21 0 „
LIGHT FOLDING DECK CHAIRS, in a variety of Styles	from	4 8 „
LIGHT FOLDING WOOD or IRON COTS, TABLES, CHAIRS; also Canteens and Cooking Apparatus for Tent Use and Officers going to the Front.		
RUGS, BLANKETS, MAUD, REZAIS, and STRAPS		
DESPATCH BOXES AND WRITING CASES, HOOK AND TOOTH BRUSHES, &c., &c.		

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

AN AUCTION SALE will commence on the 22nd instant, about 12 o'clock, and continue each day for SEVEN DAYS, and will comprise all the SURPLUS STOCK belonging to Messrs. MEIFFRE BROTHERS.

GOODS ON VIEW MAY 20, 21, and 22ND MORNING.

FULL DETAILS SEE AUCTION COLUMN.

NO RESERVE! NO RESERVE!

ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD,

CRAWFORD MARKET,

THE FAVOURITE PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON.
FIRST PRIZE MEDAL, BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION, 1879, AWARDED TO
P. VUCCINO & CO.

STUDIO IN MEADOW STREET, FORT, OPEN FROM 8 A.M. TILL 4 P.M.
PHOTOGRAPHS EXECUTED in the BEST STYLE, under the PERSONAL ATTENTION of a STAFF of the MOST COMPETENT EUROPEAN ARTISTS.
N. B.—Their photographs taken in REMBRANDT STYLE which is now largely patronised.
FOR SALE,
GRAND PANORAMIC VIEW OF BOMBAY (published under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency SIR RICHARD TEMPLE, Bart., G. C. S. I., Governor of Bombay). This Panorama to be had either for framing or in folding albums.
BEAUTIFUL OLEOGRAPHS, being copies from Paintings by Great Masters.
Views of the most important edifices in Bombay.
Also from the COLLECTION OF THE LATE MAJOR GILL, a series of the most interesting Sceneries in Khandeish, West Berar, Ajunta, Caves of Ellora, &c., &c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE,

A 3 H. P. HORIZONTAL ENGINE and VERTICAL BOILER in perfect working order. The boiler is almost new, being imported in 1878. The above are to be disposed of to make room for a larger engine. Apply to MANAGER, *Bombay Gazette*.

NOTICE.
HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. TRENTHAM HALL are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from LIVERPOOL, and are REQUESTED to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay from the Prince's Dock.
EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Bombay, 21st May 1880. Agents.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Steamer PLANTAIN, from LIVERPOOL, has ARRIVED, and that she will DISCHARGE in the PRINCE'S DOCK. CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to present their BILLS of LADING at CUSTOM HOUSE and LANDING. Dub-whas' Office, to consign as by me and TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay. All claims must be sent to me before departure of my vessel.
G. PEARSE,
Bombay, 21st May 1880. Captain S. S. Plantain.

PATENT PORTABLE GAS LAMPS.

THE undersigned have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS in INDIA, CEYLON, and ADEN, for Messrs. Gerson Boehm & Co.'s Patent Portable Gas Lamps.
M. MONDOLFO & Co.

NOTICE.—We have APPOINTED Messrs. SOUDAY & Co as our LOCAL AGENTS for the sale of the

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY, EVENING, MAY 21.

THE Liverpool Cotton Market having been closed for the Whitsuntide holidays from Saturday last until Wednesday, and the London Markets being all closed on Monday for the usual Bank holiday, very little change took place in any of our markets until yesterday, when, with better advices from home, there was renewed activity in Cotton. Other articles of export have not attracted much attention, Seeds are quiet at previous prices, and Wheat is neglected, owing to less favourable accounts from home. Our Import trade remains in the same unsatisfactory position. The Manchester Market having been closed, there has been nothing doing in Piece-Goods to arrive, and the demand from up-country is still very limited. Copper and Metals generally are in as unsatisfactory a position as previously. Rates of Exchange have fluctuated very slightly during the week. Money is easier, Government Paper is rather firmer. Freights are weaker.

MONEY.—The last published return of the Bank of Bombay, dated the 15th inst., showed an increase in the Cash Balance of 11 lacs, and a decrease in the trade demand of 16¼ lacs. At the Board Meeting of the Directors of the Bank on Wednesday last the rates of discount were reduced 1 per cent. all round, as money has been very easy for some time past in the open market, and accommodation procurable considerably below the Bank's quotations. These now are 6 per cent. on Government Securities, and 8 per cent. on Produce. There is now no prospect of any further advance this season; in fact, as the rains approach, we may look for greater ease and a continuance of cheap money until the end of the Monsoon.

STERLING EXCHANGE.—The market was quiet last mail-day at a decline of 1-32d. in Bank Paper. The improvement in Cotton, however, brought rather more House Bills on the market, the price for which throughout the day was the same as on Friday. On Monday we had another very quiet day, and although quotations were unaltered, the tendency of the market was towards increased ease both here and in Calcutta. On Tuesday the market was again very quiet. Rates were unchanged pending quotations of Silver from London, which, owing to holidays, were not received for two days, and in the meantime little change took place here. On Wednesday Exchange did not alter here in any respect for private bills, but Bank Paper was 1-32d. per rupee lower. Business was quiet both here and in Calcutta, but in both places the feeling was steady. At the weekly biddings for Council Drafts in London the full amount of 35 lacs was allotted, of which Rs. 34,80,000 went to Calcutta, and the remaining Rs. 20,000 to Madras. Tenders at 1s. 8d per rupee received 93 per cent. For next week 50 lacs are again advertised. Bar Silver was quoted weak at 52 3-16d. sellers, but no buyers above 52¼d. per oz. On Thursday Sterling Exchange was 1-32d. per rupee weaker all round, but at the close of business there were no signs of increased weakness from local causes. In Calcutta, Bank Bills were quoted 1-16d higher than here, say, 1s. 8 1-6d. for demand. A fair amount of business was done here in Mercantile Paper, considering the dull state of the Cotton market. For Bank Bills there is still little enquiry, and this is not to be wondered at seeing the position of our import trade. The market to-day closes practically unaltered, there are fewer buyers of Private Bills, and more Banks selling, with quite as little demand a formerly for Bank Bills. It is also said the Banks in China are again drawing on India. Quotations may, therefore, be considered firm, but Calcutta rates are quoted weak with nothing doing. The paper offering here is easily saleable, and on the whole the position of Exchange is not more settled or decidedly firmer.

From the foregoing daily reports of our market it will be seen that the tendency throughout until to-day has been towards increased weakness, and so far as trade influences are likely to effect the market, a further decline appears inevitable, unless the China demand increases further. From the action of Government with regard to Council drafts, however, it is evident that they intend to do their utmost to maintain the rate at the weekly sales at 1s. 8d. per rupee or over, and it is very probable that they will have no difficulty in doing so for the next two months, though it seems unlikely that they will be able to do so later on in the monsoon. As we have previously pointed out, the amounts alloted since the publication of the Budget are considerably in excess of the estimated requirements, so that the drawings may possibly be suspended altogether for a time hereafter, and this plan will probably be adopted if present rates cannot be maintained. Closing quotations are:—Bank Bills on demand 1s. 8d., 8 months' sight 1s. 8¼d.; Credits 3 months' sight 1s. 8¼d., 6 months' sigh 1s. 8 7-16d.; Documents, 3 months' sight 1s. 8 9-32d. 6 months' sight 1s. 8 15-32d.; Francs, 3 months' sight 2 13⅝ per rupee.

From China, rates are still quoted, strong the rate on Hongkong for demand Bank Bills is Rs. 229½ per 100 dollars. Telegraphic advices from Hongkong quote the rate for 4 months' sight Bank Bills on London at 3s. 10¼d. per dollar, and from Shanghai at 5s. 4d. per tael.

On Calcutta, Bank Bills on demand have advanced to Rs. 100 1-16, and 60 days' sight bills to Rs. 99½.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is stronger, the market closes at the following rates, viz.:—Rs. 94½ for Fours and Rs. 101 for Fours and-a-half. Early in the week however, there was great depression owing to the announcement of the New Loan, but the feeling is pretty general that it will be all taken up at high rates, and confidence in the existing Loans is consequently restored

SHARES.—The market has been fairly steady throughout the week, but Spinning and Weaving Companies' Scrip is in rather less demand than it was a week ago. The chief fluctuations in these have been a decline of Rs 50 in Alberts, Rs. 10 in Jewraj Balloo, Rs. 20 in Khandeish, Rs. 10 in Khatao Muccunjee, Rs. 15 in New Great Eastern, and an advance of Rs. 25 in Victorias, Rs 5 in Prince of Wales Rs. 10 in Mazagons Rs. 20 in Empress, Rs. 50 in Central India, Rs. 10 in Bombay United, and Rs 2 in Anglo-Indian. Bank of Bombays have been in fair demand at about previous rates. In Press Companies, Apollos are Rs. 30 per share firmer, Colabas Rs 35, and Fort Rs. 75. In Miscellaneous Companies Saw Mills are Rs. 20 per share higher, and Bombay Burmah Trading Rs. 45 per share.

PIECE-GOODS.—We have again to record an extremely dull market during the past week, for all descriptions of goods, the transactions being only estimated at 300 packages from offices, and 1,600 packages from the bazaar, whilst prices in most cases have been ¼ to 1 anna per piece in favour of buyers. Shipments from home are small, and supplies here would be moderate, had we any prospect of an average demand. Of this, we fear, however, there is no likelihood at present, the S. W. Monsoon is close at hand, and dealers do not like to run much into stock at a time of the year when communication with many of the largest consuming districts is still to a great extent interrupted, notwithstanding the increase of late years in railway communication throughout India. Much of course depends upon the state of the Manchester market, as to the course our market will pursue during the next few weeks; most of our dealers made handsome profits early in the season, and although goods now arriving generally show a loss, still any improvement at home would, we feel confident, be quickly responded to here. Two months hence our market will be chiefly influenced by the prospects of the New Crops according to the rainfall; at present we are drawing to the close of one of the most prosperous seasons on record for the cultivators in this Presidency; with outstanding enormous crops of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, prices have ruled high, excepting for Seeds which are now very low, and on the other hand food-grains are down to about the average level of former years. The up-country markets are not overstocked with goods, and it is possible with improved accounts from home that we may yet see some activity before the rains set in.

Of Grey Shirtings stocks in European hands are small, and only moderate supplies are held in the bazaar, but prices of all widths still tend in favour of buyers. *Printers* are in small request at barely previous rates, and the same remark applies to *Jaconets*, *Mulls*, and *Dhotties*. *Mangalums* meet some little demand at about last prices. *T Cloths* are dull and neglected. For *Bleached* Cloths there has been little enquiry, but prices for *Shirtings*, *Jaconets*, and *Cambrics* are fairly maintained. *Dyed* and *Printed Goods* are in rather more demand. Of Local-makes the clearances have been on a fair scale, and generally at prices which show a fair profit to the Mills.

TWIST.—In English Yarns the week's transactions have been unimportant, and prices are again about ¼ anna below those last quoted. Of Local Spinnings the sales have been large and prices are well maintained, and in some instances rather dearer.

METALS.—*Copper.*—We have not heard of any sales from first hands, there are sellers of Brazirs to arrive at Rs. 44 per cwt. without finding buyers, and in the bazaar prices have fallen a further 3 annas per cwt. *Yellow Metal* is equally dull at lower rates. For *Iron* there is little demand, and prices have still a downward tendency.

COALS.—The only transactions "to arrive" reported during the week are a cargo of Cardiff, April-May shipment, via Can l, at Rs. 18 per ton, and a cargo of Carr's West Hartley, April sailing, via Canal, at the same price. The local stock is somewhat reduced, and prices on the spot are about the same as last quoted. To-day's quotations to arrive via Canal are:—

Davis n's West Hartley	.....	Rs. 18	per ton alongside.
Cardiff	.....	" 18	" "
Laird's Welsh Hartl	.....	" 18	" "
Watson's Hartl y	.....	" 18	" "
Cotton	.....		

COTTON.—The Liverpool market having been closed from Wednesday for the Whitsuntide holidays, our market during the week has been chiefly affected by local influences. The small arrivals of Broach and Good Dholleras have led to a further advance of Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy in these descriptions owing to the heavy contracts falling due, against which Cotton has to be delivered this month. In other descriptions little change has taken place; arrivals continue on a large scale, consisting chiefly of Dholleras, but Compta is also arriving in modern quantities. Of Broach there are still considerable supplies to come forward when the marriage ceremonies in Guserat are at an end. Of Sawginned Dharwar very little is arriving, the bulk of it is good in colour, but is apparently a good deal mixed with Cotton produced from indigenous seed.

The Receipts during the week show the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
For the week	52,693	53,474	29,826
Total since 1st Sept	905,038	633 459	753,330
Do. 1st Jan	787,044	560,938	654,893

The *Clearances for Sea* since the departure of last mail have been 47,060 bales, making a total of 565 320 bales since 1st January, against 372,977 bales for the corresponding period last year, and 484.054 bales in 1878. The surplus this season as compared with last accordingly now stands at 215,622 bales, and looking at the present scale of receipts there is still little doubt that the sailings before the 30th June will amount to 775,000 bales or thereabouts.

The prices for Cotton still keep abnormally high, and for some descriptions are ¼d. per lb. above the rates ruling in Liverpool.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission:—

		Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Good Comra,	Ready	Rs. 212 =	517 32d.
F.G.F. do.	do.	204 =	5 5/16d.
G.F. do.	do.	198 =	5 3/16 l.
Good M. G. Broach,	Ready	239 =	6 3/16d.
Do.	Diollera, Ready	215 =	5 19/32d.
F.G F. do.	do.	206 =	5 ¼d.
G. F. do.	do.	200 =	5 7/32d.
F.G F. S. Dharwar,	Ready	208 =	5 7/16d.
G. F. Compta	"	193 =	5 1/16d.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* continues to arrive very freely, and the quality on the whole is well up to the average. The demand has somewhat increased, and the price has advanced to Rs. 6-6 per cwt. *Rapeseed* is unaltered at Rs. 5-14 per cwt. for Guzerat, of which supplies continue on a fair scale. For *Gingelly* Rs. 49 to Rs. 50 per candy is quoted for Yellow and Rs. 38 to Rs. 43 for Mixed and White descriptions.

WHEAT.—Stocks here are large, and with less favourable accounts from home prices are rather easier for all but Best White, which is quoted at Rs. 43 per candy. Hard Red is worth Rs. 37 to Rs. 38 per candy.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-1-6
Carolus	" 224
Mexican Dollars	" 223
Five-Franc Pieces	" 240
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ bettersess	" 106-10-0
Gold Leaf	" 19-6-0
Bar Gold, 10oz, English, 169 touch	" 19-8-0
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 19-8-9
Bombay Bar Gold 100 touch	" 19-7-6
Pekin Gold Bars	" 18-15-8

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE SHIP NESUTAN, 934 tons, Captain J. F Freundt will sail to-day for Moulmein in ballast.

THE STEAMER ARROW, 130 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jamnuggur (19th May) with a general cargo and thirty-two deck passengers.

THE BARQUE DEWA GUNGADHUR, 594 tons, Captain J. Johnstone, arrived in harbour on the 20th inst. from Mauritius (26th March) with a cargo of 10,626 bags sugar and seventeen deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Edward, Bates and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s STEAMER UMBALLA, 494 tons, Captain T. P. Nailer, will sail to-day for Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passeng rs:—Ast. Apoth. Mr. Mclngle, Conductor and Mrs. G. Young and three children, Mrs. Trollope and child, and 70 deck.

THE P. AND O. Co.'S STEAMER KASHGAR 1,515 tons, Captain E. J. Baker, which arrived in harbour on the 20th instant from Shanghai (26th April) via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Galle, brought the following cargo:—From Shanghai—153 packages tea, 95 package silk, 1 packages pencil, and 3 boxes gold. From Hongkong—5 boxes gold leaves, 1 box gold, 4 boxes specie, 599 packages tea, 5 cases cottons, 60 cases silk piece goods, 53 packages silk, 187 cases glass bangles, 29 packages sundries, 18 packages china-ware, 19 cases glass beads, 5 cases china roots, 8 casks rum 4 cases white copper 13 cases brass leaves, 29 packages papers, 2 cases tin leaves, 1,628 packages sugarcandy, 395 cases cassia, 31 packages Japan ware 1,000 jars, 12 packages mattings, 1,201 packages sugar, and 68 packages umbrellas. From Singapore—315 packages dammer, 140 bags sago, 8 packages goods, 48 packages rattans, 55 packages benzoin, 31 packages silk, 33 packages nutmegs, 150 packages hemp, 40 cases tea, 20 packages betelnuts, 6 packages garrow wood, 4 pieces ivory, 25 packages gambier, and 6 cases mace. From Penang—80 slabs tin. From Calcutta—32 packages papers and 47 packages jute.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA MAIL.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s STEAMER MIRZAPORE, 2,270 tons, Captain A. Parish, will sail to-day for China with the China Mail, general cargo and the following passengers:—For Shanghai—Mr. O. Rustomjee and Mr. P. Cooverjee. For Singapore—Mr. C. Lehman. For Hongkong—Mr. Mackie and one friend.

DEPARTURE OF THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s S. S. SIAM, 1,718 tons, Captain A. W. Anderson, sailed yesterday for Australia with Australian Mail, general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Melbourne.—Captain John Dixon, Mr. J. B. Dalla Costa, Major Hunter, Mr. Robert Hunter, and Mr. Smith and friend.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders	From.
20	Dewa Gungadhur	Johnston	Mauritius, March 26.
21	Arrow (s)	Baker	Jamnuggur, May 19.
	Plantain (s)	Scarce	Liverpool, April 23.
	Mauythorpe	Webster	Cardiff, April 16.

DEPARTURE.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders	Destination.
21	Siam (s)	Anderson	Melbourne.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—Steamer Umballa, Nailer, for K C ast and Kurrachee.
Ship Nesutan, Freundt, to Moulmein.
Steamer Mirzapore, Parish, to China.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Lombardy for Venice.
" Kashgar for Venice.
" Malwa for Dunkirk.
" Carnatic for Coast and Calcutta.
" Arrow, for Buswunggur.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

May.			
17	Metaura (s)	Revel	Point de Galle, May 11.
	C. of Cambridge (s)	offat	April 10.
	Sir Mervoll	Nec d	Madras, May 10.
	County of Ayr (s)	Miller	New Port, Feb 4
18	Euphrates (s)	Hart	Rangoon, May 12.

DEPARTURES.

May 17.—Steamer Duke of Buccleuch. Ship Corby. Barque L. C. K.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

May.		
19	Chinsura (s)	Calcutta.

DEPARTURE.

May.		
18	Clan Gordon (s)	Marseilles via Pondichery

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 21.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Cicero s—8 cases bleaching powder, Mahamedbhoy Jamaloodia.

FROM LONDON.

Merzapore s—6 bales printing papers Shaik Ahmed Shaik Dawood, 11 bales printing papers The Bombay Gazette, 100 boxes silver bars [Rs 2 79 710], the Bank of Bombay.
Nebo s—124 barrels empty oil cases order Hoge and Co.
Corsica s—2 drums potash The Bombay Gazette, 6 cases medicine of sorts Nathoo Soondeejee.
India s—60 packages paper Shaik Ahmed Shaik Dawood, 20 cases claret Geo Lockhart and Co.

FROM GENOA.

India s—93 packages papers Volkart Brothers, 22 cases lamps T Keaux.

FROM BORDEAUX.

In ia s—50 cases corks Pallonjee Hoosjeebhoy's Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Galatea—250 bales cotton Wallace & Co, 189 cwts. myrabalams Rumbaldy Ally Rooa.
Norna—23 bales old iron Tejsjee & Co.
Ottoma—300 cases bones Edulje. H. Abdoola & Co.C
Plainmeller s—27 bales wool Aldridge Salmon & so, 1 bale cotton D. Hoare Canas & Co, 30,051 cwts. linseed, Killick Nixon & Co.
Nerissa s—5 bales wool Chimnadass Mahadewdass, 37 bales wool Hooseb Jaffer, 39 bales cotton J. C. Bushby & Co, 313 cwts. bones Jagi Sulser & Co, 55 bales wool Luskmidass K Tejsee, 87 bales wool Govindjee Mahadewjee, 40 bales wool Petty & Co
Sidonian s—2, 00 cwts. wheat and 2,001 cwts. linseed Killick Nixon & Co, 2 0 bales cotton Peel Cassels & Co, 18 0 bales cotton Thos. H. Moore & Co, 320 cwts. linseed W. and A. Graham & Co.
Thessalia s—48 bales cotton Govindram Dwarkadass, 150 bales Ishwardass Ishwar & Co.
Clan Lamont s—4,0 0 cwts. wheat P Chrystal and Co.
Mangerton s—4,080 cwts. wheat Rolli Brothers, 1,000 bale cotton Peel Cassels & Co.

FOR CALAIS.

Hartlepool s—3,999 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GUTTENBURG.

Banian—100 bales cotto Gaddum & Co.

FOR BREMERHAVEN.

Seaforth—200 bales C tton Gaddum & Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Seats Greys s—17 bales silk M Nevue & Co, 236 cwts linseed Rolli Brothers

FOR GENOA.

India s—284 bales cotton Lan Moir & Co.
Lavinia s—4 0 bales cotton Pestonjee Dewjee Nanjee, 24 cases oli anum, 23 cases mother of pearl shells and 1 package of tortoise shells Maneck Luckumsey

FOR HAVRE.

Chilona s—5 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Cicero s—,200 bales cotton Knoop and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Calipso s—50 bales cotton Sigg Sulzer and Co, 300 bales cotton A Blaschek and Co

FOR TRIESTE.

Calipso s—200 bales cotton A Blaschek and Co, 300 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Mirzapore s—1 box silver coins [Rs 3,000], Esubbhoy Essobhoy, 1 box silver coins [Rs 3,000], Jairamjee Joy Poorbhoy, one a peasoolah bearers Bundlah Sowjee 44 chests opium, Ebrahim Noorbin and Co, 20 chests opium, Hajee Abdoola Noor Mah med, 20 chests opium Jairamjee Joy Poorbhoy, 9 chests opium N J Jairamjee, 88 chests opium E D Sassoon and Co, 100 chests opium Curimbhoy Ebrahim, 5 chests opium Govindram Seobux, 16 chests opium Sreebux and Lukhmeedas.

FOR SHANGAI.

Mirzapore s—35 chests opium Ebraham Noordin & Co, 4 chests opium Abraham Aziz & Co, 7 chests opium Nopechund Roy ungrai, 2 chests opium Gunashiall Shobhagmal, 1½ chests opium Tarachund Ghunsham lass, ½ chests opium Jairamjee Poorbhoy, 10 chests opium, Dav id Sassoon & Co, 1 chest opium M. S. Gubbay, 20½ chest. opium Kasiseedas Hurmookroy, 7 chests opium Govindam S eobux, 12 chests opium S A Joseph 16½ chests opium Tr rao and Lu hmeeram, 77 chests opium, David sassoon & Co, 34 chests opium Goolabroy Mugalchund.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 21.

Peroshaw J Dumania, Surg. on duty, from Surat.
Maunsell, Major Genl, R E, on leave, from Roorkee.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 20.

Smith, 2nd Lieut, 31st Regt, on duty, to Poonpore.
McFarlane, 2nd Lieut, 9th Lancers, on duty, to Sealkote.
Repton, Lieut, R A, on leave, to Poona.

MAY 21.

Smith, Surg Major, on duty, to Deolalee.
Hunter, Major, Madras Army, on Medical Cert, to Australia.

URBS PRIMA IN INDIS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE.....DAVE CARSON.
STAGE MANAGER.....JOSEPH ARTHUR.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR.....CH S. MERRILEES.
ACTING MANAGER.....J. B. FERRELL.

MONDAY, MAY 24TH, 1880.

DAVE CARSON & MISS CLARA STANLEY'S COMBINED OPERA COMPANY
IN A GRAND MISCELLANEOUS PROGRAMME.
FARCE.
VARIETY.
OPERETTA.
NEW SONGS! NEW DANCES!!
Choice Selections from our
EXHAUSTLESS REPERTOIRE!!!
FIRST TIME IN INDIA
Of the Charming Musical Comedietta, entitled
CUPS AND SAUCERS.
DAVE CARSON,
INDIA'S OWN COMEDIAN,
AS
THE GOOD TEMPLAR IN A FIX.

PROGRAMME.
PART FIRST.
AT 8-30.

OVERTURE.....ORCHESTRA.
Mrs. Carson will preside at the Pianoforte.

AT 9 O'CLOCK SHARP, CURTAIN RISES ON
THE NEW FARCE, ENTITLED
THE FELLOW WHO LOOKS LIKE ME.

Cupid (a Servant).....Mr. John Drew,
Mrs. Podkins.....Miss Kate Hedderwick.
Mr. Bodkins.....Mr. Howard Oakley.

Ballad.....Passing away.
MR. HOWARD OAKLEY.

MR. J. ARTHUR
In his pleasing entertainment,
THE FLAGS WE LOVE TO SEE.

AN INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

PART SECOND.
THE SISTERS HEDDERWICK
In the Charming Duet,
MOTHER, CAN THIS THE GLORY BE?

At the request of a few Choice Spirits,
DAVE CARSON
Will relate his experiences at
THE BOMBAY POLICE COURT.

ORIGINAL SONG AND DANCE.
Pretty Blue-eyed Joe (first time).....Miss Lizzie Wilson.

BURLESQUE LECTURE,
DAVE CARSON.

Part Second will conclude with
MESSRS. MOORE AND DREW,
who will appear in their
MARVELLOUS ENTERTAINMENT,
In which they make a complete change of Costume, and from White to Black,
IN TWENTY SECONDS.

INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

The Evening's Entertainment will conclude with
A SATIRICAL MUSICAL SKETCH,
BY
GEO. GROSSMITH, JUN.,
entitled
CUPS AND SAUCERS.
CHARACTERS.
Mrs. Nankeen Worcester (a China Maniac...Miss Bertha Hoctor.
General Doolah (another).....J. B. Ferrell,

The Operas produced during the Season will be under the Direction of
MISS B. HOCTOR.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 4	Rs. 24
Private Box to admit 4	" 12
Orchestra Stall	" 2
Stall	" 1
Pit	" 1
Back seat	" 8 As.

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co's.

Caricature Photographs of "DAVE CARSON AT HOME," by Buisseton, 50, Rue St. Lazare, Paris, may be had of the Doorkeepers and Ushers. Price 8 Annas, Cash.

NOTIFICATION.

ALL TRADESMEN or OTHERS having CLAIMS against their Excellencies the EARL and COUNTESS of LYTTON, are requested to forward them to the Undersigned at Government House, Simla, before 1st June, 1880.

H. BRACKENBURY, Lieut.-Col.,
Private Secretary to the Viceroy.

NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS intended for His Excellency the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY should be sent to Government House, Malabar Point, Bombay, till further notice.

G. H. R. HART,
Private Secretary to H E the Governor.
Bella Vista, Mahableshwar, 19th May 1880.

NOTICE.

IN supersession of this office Notice, dated the 27th December last, it is notified that as on and after the 5th June, 1880, the OVERLAND MAIL STEAMERS of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company are APPOINTED to LEAVE BOMBAY EVERY SATURDAY soon after 5-30 p. m., the following revised arrangements in the hours for closing Mails will come into operation from the said date:—

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 4 p.m. Newspapers, Books and Patterns up to 2-30 p.m.
Registered letters up to 1-30 p.m.
Regis tered letters if fully prepaid together with an extra fee of 2 annas will be received at the General Post Office between 1-30 and 2 30 p.m.
Late letters if fully prepaid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the late letter fee (2 annas each) will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 4 to 5 p.m.
The latest hour for posting ordinary overland covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 3 p.m., and registered letters at 1 15 p.m.
Fully prepaid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail steamer after 4 p.m. and up to starting time (5-30 p.m.) by the payment of an additional fee of 4 annas. All others will be refused.

A. ROW,
Officiating Presidency Postmaster.
Bombay, General Post Office, 20th May 1880.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co., of Bombay and Poona, have the pleasure of announcing that Mr. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has APPOINTED them AGENTS for the sale of his CELEBRATED PEBBLE SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES, BINOCULARS, &c.

Mr. Menist makes his Frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found to be the best metals for the purpose, his object being to attain perfection as nearly as possible, without regard to cost. He does not use steel, for this metal rusts, and the joints become loose, altering the focus of the glasses, and so injuring the eyes; neither is there any economy in it, for in this climate it corrodes so quickly that it must often be renewed, while Gold or Silver are practically everlasting, and Aluminium cannot be used, for it leaves an indelible mark on the skin wherever it comes in contact with it.

Mr. Menist's Non-pressure Eye-glasses have a spring so made that it may be twisted in any direction without breaking, and they maintain their position when worn without any pressure, or leaving any mark when removed.

His 12 lens "Duchesse" are all Achromatic, and as powerful as Field Glasses.

His Field, Marine and Opera Glasses may be used for hours without causing the eyes to ache.

Mr. Menist has left instruments with Messrs. C. Marcks and Co. for testing each eye separately, if frequently happening that they differ more or less in power. Messrs. C. Marcks and Co. for the convenience of clients who may not wish to purchase Mr. Menist's glasses have also in stock some of their own manufacture, at lower prices, in Gold, Silver, and Steel frames; and though the quality of the pebbles is admittedly not equal to those of Mr. Menist, yet it is very good, and much superior to most of what is sold as the "finest Brazilian Pebbles."

Pamphlets may be had on application.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
Wine Merchant

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

BEAUMONT.—May 8th, at Kurrachee, the wife of T. L. F. Beaumont, of a son.
BOYD.—May 19th, at Allahabad, the wife of E. A. Boyd, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, Government Telegraph, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

LANDALE.—May 14th, at Ootacamund, the wife of Surgeon-Major Landale, M. D., A. M. D., 18th Lancers, of a daughter.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1880.

THE Queen's speech delivered on Thursday bears a wonderful resemblance to that which was prepared for Her Majesty in February last by the Conservative Government. They both begin with the stereotyped assurance that the relations with Foreign Powers are friendly, and they both refer to the Treaty of Berlin as a means of administering a rap over the knuckles to the Turk, the late Ministry making Her Majesty say that "much remains to be done to repair the disorder which the late war has affected many parts of the Turkish Empire," while the Liberal Cabinet in more direct language states that with a view to "the carrying out of effectual reforms and the inauguration of equal laws in Turkey and unsettled territorial questions, the fulfilment of which is essential to avert complications in the East, the Right Hon'ble G. J. Goschen has been despatched to Constantinople." Passing directly and abruptly from the Turkish to the Afghan question the two speeches speak of the gallantry of our troops in Afghanistan, and of the desire of the Government to re-establish friendly relations with the people of that country. The idea of annexation is implicitly repudiated no less in the one than in the other. In the more recent speech the Government bears testimony to the fact that the efforts of the Indian Government to effect a settlement have been unremitting, "but Her Majesty laments that the end in view has not yet been attained." Indeed, it appears that the new Government is less sanguine than the last as to the speedy re-establishment of peace, for the Premier in the debate upon the address declared that the expectations entertained on that head by the late Government were altogether unjustifiable. In the second Queen's speech there is a reference to the question of Indian finance which will be read with interest at Simla: the subject, it is said, requires special attention and the fullest information will be supplied to Parliament in due course. This promise, there can be no doubt, will be religiously fulfilled. Then in the most recent of the session's Royal speeches, as in the first, Her Majesty refers to the state of affairs in South Africa. And the attentive reader of Mr. Gladstone's Midlothian speeches will be astonished, if not shocked, to find that now as well as in the time of Lord Beaconsfield "Her Majesty's Government continues to recommend South African confederation and the maintenance of supremacy over the Transvaal!" May one be pardoned and yet retain the offence? Mr. Gladstone denounced as inconceivable wickedness and wanton folly the annexation of the Transvaal and the conversion of the virtuous Dutch Republicans occupying the country into deadly foes of the British monarchy. But succeeding to Lord Beaconsfield's responsibilities, he advises the maintenance of supremacy over the Transvaal as if it were a perfectly righteous and politic arrangement against which there is nothing to be said. Of course a minister is not bound to act rigidly upon the principles which he found it convenient to apply to his opponents when he was in opposition, and they were in office, but when the contradiction is very glaring between former professions and present acts, the effect is unpleasant. What is especially remarkable is that Mr. Gladstone, having come to power after a victorious campaign against the whole policy of the late Government in regard to Turkey, to Afghanistan and to South Africa, draws up a Queen's speech which is essentially a plagiarism of that which Lord Beaconsfield had prepared for Her Majesty but four months since. However, it is unprofitable to judge of Cabinets by the neutral tints in which they sketch their policy when inditing a Queen's speech. It is more to the purpose to note the acts in which the new Ministry is embodying its policy. The sudden demand for estimates of the cost of destroying the fortifications erected around Kabul since October last is a better indication of the course which the Government has in contemplation with a view to "the pacification of Afghanistan" than any number of vague phrases in a document designed to say as little as is decently possible. And in the same way we get more directly at the spirit in which the Liberal Government is preparing to deal with the Turkish question by reading the circular inviting the Great Powers to co-operate in forcing the Ottoman Government to carry out the stipulations of the Treaty of Berlin, than by studying the bald reference to "unsettled questions" in the speech. There can be little doubt that the Gladstone Government will be able to make short work of Turkish abuses by the course to which it has committed itself; but it will do so at the cost of furthering completely the traditional policy of Russia which has consistently aimed at the disintegration and final overthrow of the Turkish Empire. Mr. Gladstone in his speech on the address declares that it is necessary to disabuse the Porte of the notion that England has any special interest in maintaining the existence of the Turkish Empire! Has England no such interest? Then, all English statesmen before Mr. Gladstone were egregiously mistaken. The traditional policy of England in the East has been a gigantic blunder. And now that it is to be finally cast aside, it is Russia, and not England, that will reap the full benefit of the change. Has Mr. Gladstone asked himself what will be the certain consequence of this abrupt departure from the English traditions in the East of Europe? Turkey, driven to despair, will purchase a temporary reprieve from her most pressing danger by throwing herself unreservedly into the arms of Russia. The Anglo-Turkish Convention is evidently to be abandoned; Mr. Gladstone states that the Sultan's Government must be relieved from anxiety as to any desire of the English to trespass on Turkish sovereignty in its Asiatic dominions. This, of course, renders the way more open to Russia; a new Treaty of Unkiar Skelessi will of a certainty give to the Russian Government all that we resign in that quarter, and a great deal more besides. Such a treaty need not be openly divulged; it may be secret like that of Unkiar Skelessi, or like the Anglo-Turkish Convention. And once it is signed how will Mr. Gladstone—even if he be able to enforce his "reforms" against the inertia of Russia and Turkey combined? By conquering both? He shrinks from the conquest of Afghanistan which is now within his reach. The truth is that the new Government is playing a game a hund

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ARREST OF THE MUSTAFI.

ALLAHABAD, MAY 21.

On the afternoon of the 19th the Mustafi was sent for and, after a long investigation, was proved guilty of conspiring against the British. He was then placed under arrest, and at daylight on the 20th was sent off under an escort to India.

THE FIGHT AT BASUD.

During the fight at Basud our Cavalry made several dashing charges, killing 25 of the enemy. The Safis escaped through Takchi Tangi, along the right bank of the Kunar river, leaving fifty bodies behind them and were seen to carry off many other dead and wounded.

Seventeen Ghazis shut themselves up in a bastion of an old fort, which was carried in splendid style by Captain Kilgour, of the 5th Fusiliers, with a few men of his own regiment and the 12th foot. All the Ghazis were killed after a desperate resistance. During the engagement we had seven men wounded, Colonel Rowland of the 5th was very slightly, two men of 5th severely, one man of 12th, one native officer and two sowars of the Central India Horse. All the wounds on our side, except one, are sword cuts.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

SIMLA, MAY 21.

Sir Robert Sandeman held a durbar at the Chappar mountain on the 17th and dealt with the offenders implicated in the recent Saniza disturbance.

Sirdar Shere Ali has hanged three of the men who attacked Dubrai and levied a fine on the neighbouring villages. He has also punished the district where Captain Garrett was wounded.

From Herat it is reported that the Kabuli troops have divided into two factions and are fighting.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

DEBATES ON THE ADDRESSES IN THE TWO HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.

STATEMENT BY MR. GLADSTONE.

LONDON, MAY 21.

Last night the House of Lords voted the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne after a short debate.

In the House of Commons the address was voted after a long debate, an amendment being negatived by 300 votes (including extreme Home Rule members) to 47 against.

The Premier, in explaining Mr. Goschen's Mission to Constantinople, said that the Greek and Montenegrin questions were the most pressing, and that it was necessary to disabuse the Turks of the notion that England had special interest in the maintenance of the Turkish empire, or wished to trespass on Turkish sovereignty in Asia. The Premier further said that the condition of affairs in Europe was not critical. He deferred making a statement on Afghanistan affairs, the Government being, he said, insufficiently informed, but the sanguine anticipation of a speedy settlement entertained by the former Government was unjustifiable.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, MAY 21.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dorunda, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here to-day.

LONDON, MAY 20.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been steady.

Fair Dholleras	5¼
The Manchester market has been unchanged.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1-8
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	78¾
4½ per cent. do.	84¾
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅛
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	119
Bar Silver	52½
Oriental Bank Shares	£18
Chartered „ „	£22-10
Chartered Mercantile Shares	£21-10

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of Notes	£14,000,000	...Dec. £600,000
Bills Discounted	£19,700,000	...Inc £600,000
Bullion	£27,300,000	...Dec £800,000

The proportion of the Reserve to the Liabilities is 46 per cent.

Arrival—Cathay.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Town Council was held yesterday afternoon to arrange the preliminaries for presenting an address of welcome on behalf of the Corporation to the Marquis of Ripon, the Governor General designate, on his arrival in Bombay about the 1st prox. A meeting of the Corporation would in the usual course of business have been called by its Chairman (Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik) for the purpose; but in the absence of that gentleman from Bombay, the Town Council has properly exercised its power of calling a meeting of the Corporation next Friday at 4 p. m. Dr. Blaney, Messrs. Douglas, Dosabhoy Framjee, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Muncherjee N. Banajee, R. M. Sayani, and F. C. Gangjee—the gentlemen present at the Town Council meeting yesterday—were requested to form a sub-committee; and the Chairman, Dr. Blaney, was asked to draft the address for presentation, which will be submitted for approval to another meeting of the Council to be held in a day or two. Government will be requested to make arrangements to admit of the presentation of the address by the Corporation on the occasion of the landing of His Lordship. It was resolved to inform the Chairman of the Corporation of the steps taken by the Council.

IN the place of Mr. John Hector, who has obtained nine months' leave of absence, Mr. K. R. Cama has been appointed to act as Secretary of the New Colaba Company, Limited, at a salary of Rs. 500 a month.

MONDAY, the 31st inst. and Tuesday the 1st June next, have been appointed by the committee of the Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of balloting for an elective Trustee of the Port of Bombay in the place of the Hon'ble Mr. Mowat, who resigned the office on the 14th inst.

A PAIR of young ourangoutangs have just been added to the Victoria Gardens collection of animals. They were brought from Singapore in one of the Austrian Lloyds steamers and purchased from the Captain for Rs. 275. Though young they are of a good size, and appear very healthy and seem very contented in their present quarters. They are being visited by crowds of people daily.

IT is notified that on and after the 5th June the P. and O. Mail steamers are appointed to leave Bombay on Saturdays at 5-30 p. m. The arrangements in the hours for closing mails have consequently been revised, and from the date mentioned letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 4 p. m.; newspapers, books, and patterns up to 2-30 p. m; registered letters up to 2 p. m.; and, if fully prepaid, together with an extra fee of two annas, will be received at the General Post Office between 1-30 and 2-30 p. m. Late letters, if fully prepaid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and on the late letter fee (2 annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 4 to 5 p. m. The latest hour for posting ordinary overland covers at the several branch Post Offices will be 3 p. m., and registered letters at 1-15 p. m. Fully prepaid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail steamer after 4 p. m. and up to starting time (5-30 p. m.) by the payment of an additional fee of 4 annas. All others will be refused.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Egutpuri, says:—If the people of Bombay considered the climate of the place Egutpuri at present would attract as many big guns as Matheran. The climate here is delicious, the drift in the mornings keeps the place beautifully cool all day, and the people, taking advantage of the coolness, have arranged a capital programme of athletic sports to take place on the 24th inst. The whole thing promises to be a great success, and as the prizes are liberal a large gathering is expected. The town is very healthy and the Municipal Commissioners do their best with their limited revenue to keep the place A 1. The district officials as well as the Collector are here enjoying their recreation in the form of long walks and boat rowing.

SUBSCRIPTION lists on behalf of the Irish Famine Relief Fund are opened at the clubs and principal hotels of Shanghai.

THE sum of 58 dollars has been collected among the small foreign community at Tamsui, Formosa, by the Acting British Consul in aid of the fund for the relief of the distress in Ireland.

MR. JOHN PITMAN has been committed to take his trial at the criminal sessions of Hongkong for publishing a libel concerning Mr. H. H. Nelson, manager of the Chartered Mercantile Bank. The case creates immense interest there.

THERE is a general belief here, says the Hongkong paper, that Mr. Hennessey's days are numbered as Governor of Hongkong, and we hear from home that Sir Henry T. Irving, K.C.M.G., Governor of Trinidad, is to succeed him.

A JAPANESE paper states that 13,000 Snider rifles, valued at $123,500, which were ordered in America by the War Department, have arrived at Yokohama by the City of Tokio. A further supply of that arm was expected by the next mail.

A COMPANY, to be called the Perak Cinchona and Coffee Company, has been started for the purpose of opening up coffee and cinchona cultivation in Perak. Nurseries of coffee have already been established and cinchona "of the finest kinds" is to be planted within the month.

IN consequence of the long and frequent delays which take place in the Hongkong Supreme Court it has been suggested (says the *Daily Press*) that a billiard table should be provided for the amusement of solicitors and others during the hours they are kept waiting for the arrival of the judges.

THE visit of the Russian transport Moskwa to Shanghai (says the *Amoy Gazette*) appears to have created a stir amongst the Chinese, almost approaching a panic. Numerous reports floated about on her arrival, and in more than one instance it was difficult to disabuse the minds of anxious celestials that she was freighted with an army.

THE state of affairs at Peking is stated to be much the same as it was last month. The whole of the Foreign Ministers are anxious, because the ebullition of the anti-foreign feeling as evinced by the ascendancy of the Court party, may, it is feared, complicate her relations with other Powers. One of the Empress Dowagers (Western) was suffering from a severe illness and her condition was being watched with solicitude.

SAYS the Colombo paper:—"We have had two Russian men-of war in our harbour, the Minin and the Asia, and the sailors who came ashore made our streets rather lively. They were, however, on the whole a quiet and peaceable lot, and though more or less under the influence of liquor, exhibited none of those pugnacious proclivities which mark the character of Jack ashore. Both vessels left our port for the Straits on the 11th.

THE Portuguese transport India has left Singapore for Macao; she had on board 21 officers and 311 men as a reinforcement to the troops in Macao. Two other Portuguese men-of-war are on their way to this station, to strengthen the hands of the Governor of Macao. The captain of the India, Commander Lucrecio Rebeiro da Costa says the *Mail*, committed suicide while the vessel was in the Indian Ocean. Worry about a collision the vessel had had at the Cape would seem to have affected his mind.

CEYLON, it is said, is likely to make an excellent show at the forthcoming Melbourne exhibition. A large number of exhibits typical of Ceylon products and Ceylon industries have already been collected, while the fact that Mr. A. M. Ferguson, than whom none is better acquainted with the capabilities and resources of the island, has been selected to proceed as the Ceylon representative, is sufficient guarantee that nothing will be left undone to bring the Ceylon exhibits to prominent notice.

CONDUCTING a journal in San Francisco is apparently attended with some amount of difficulty, not to say unpleasantness. An English paper informs us that "Mr. Charles de Young, editor of the *San Francisco Chronicle*, who shot at and wounded Mr. J. S. Kalloch in August last year, before the latter was elected Mayor, was fired at and killed by Mr. Kalloch's son in the office on the night of the 24th." It is added that details are wanting. It is, however, not difficult to imagine that Mr. Charles de Young must have passed through a somewhat varied career, for we are told that he was the gentleman who issued the memorable bill announcing that a hearse was kept on the premises for dissatisfied subscribers, and though this document was at the time of its publication looked upon as a brilliant example of satire, it would seem that there was more in it than met the eye.

THE last meteorological report on the state of the weather in India and Burma states that the distribution of pressure is such as is unusual in May, and fully accounts for the easterly winds which for some weeks past have prevailed in the Ganges Valley, accompanied by local storms. The seat of lowest pressure is in the Punjab, apparently at Peshawur; and the whole of North-Western India and Central India has a lower pressure than either the Gangetic Valley, Bengal, Bombay, or the Peninsula. But the difference between the highest and lowest pressures is comparatively small, and there does not appear, therefore, to be any immediate prospect of the monsoon. It is, however, yet too early to expect it. At present light easterly winds seem to prevail throughout the greater part of India, the only exceptions of importance being in the Konkan and Guserat, and on the coast of Bengal and Orissa. The temperature is generally rather low for the time of year.

THE Lahore paper in its witty at the expense of Bombay advertisers. It says:—The following tempting announcement appears in a Bombay paper: "Board and lodging for one gentleman. Terms moderate. Draught beer can be had at four annas a pint." This delicate reference to the attributes of a "gentleman" must go far to afford a solution of the vexed question, "What *is* a gentleman?" The home papers received by the last mail tells us that an eating-house keeper having secured his election to a local board near Bristol by describing himself "as a gentleman," a protest has now been entered against his return, on the ground of misdescription. We commend to these overscrupulous electors the Bombay conception of "a gentleman as is a gentleman." Immediately after this graphic advertisement comes another, offering "accommodation for five married or single gentlemen in a private house." We are not told whether draught beer at four annas a pint forms any part of the "accommodation;" but the picture conjured up by this invitation to "enquire within" is at all events a more sociable one than the vision of "one gentleman" absorbing pints of beer in selfish and solitary bliss.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to us as follows:—The question of pensions is often discussed, yet nothing is done. At the India Office they say proposals for shortening service must first come from India, and in India they refuse to make any proposal. Thus the matter falls between two stools. But, we ask, why should this be the case? Why cannot men choose between thirteen or fourteen years' residence in India and staying at home altogether? Many who would come for this period refuse to exile themselves for life and thus India loses their services. Another advantage of shortening service is that every one who has lived here takes an interest in India, and thus would excite an interest in his friends who live at home. Moreover, no extra expense need be incurred, for the salaries might be slightly reduced to form a pension fund. Thirty years is an absurdly long time. It is also unreasonable to make Europeans of some departments stay so long while doctors and chaplains can go after half that period. Professor Wordsworth's case illustrates the hardships of the present rules. Though he has served 16 years and is anxious to go he can only do so by forfeiting all claims to pension. Even if better rules are not made it would surely be only reasonable to give him a pension *proportionate* to his service. We trust, H. E. Sir James Fergusson will show some sympathy with European exiles and suggest the formation of a committee to consider this subject. By simply deducting five per cent. from salaries a fund could be formed and chances of retiring given according to seniority. In the Educational Department if all Europeans holding superior appointments (except of military and medical officers who have their own pension rules) subscribed this, there would be four pensions available every year of about £300 in addition to any that may be due from Government. The principle of taxing salaries to form a pension fund cannot be objected to by Government as it is the principle of 'self help'; and if the members of the various departments put their shoulders to the wheel we have no doubt Government would help them by at least withdrawing the rule which requires that a man should be utterly broken down before he gets a miserably small pension. This plan of shorter service would also accelerate promotion for those who have not completed 14 years' service.

A PERMANENT SETTLEMENT FOR THE DEKKHAN.

THE battle Imperial over the Hon'ble Mr. Hope's Bill has been fought out. Even the echoes are now dying away. But before the memory of the conflict becomes altogether "shadowy in the mist of passing years," it is well that the friends of the Indian raiyat should review the practical results, in order to realize and secure the advance achieved and to determine plans for future action. And a view of the battlefield is by no means discouraging. For many mischievous fallacies lie slain, while others have received such shrewd blows that they cannot long survive. But the most important results of the great debate at Simla are to be found in certain formal declarations made by the highest authorities regarding the future land policy of Government—declarations which must sooner or later control administrative action in a direction highly conducive to the public good. In reading the speeches in Council it becomes evident that a fresh departure has been taken as regards the great agrarian question. The internecine struggle between the raiyat and the soukar, between labour and capital, has at last received the attention which it deserves. And H. E. the Viceroy in Council has given a decisive verdict in favour of those who hold that the natural relation between the two classes is one of co-operation, of "mutual confidence and mutual good-will," has blown a rude blast at the money-lender will never benefit the cultivator; and that the remedies for the general distress are chiefly to be sought in a reformed system of revenue administration, which will adopt the fiscal burden to the actual condition of the raiyat, while giving due encouragement to the improvements of cultivation which depend upon capital and intelligence.

A study of the debate will show that, with regard to each of the two great rural classes, the Government of India has now made an emphatic declaration of policy, and with regard to each of them has proposed an important practical problem for solution. (1) As regards the raiyat the speakers in Council have declared that the present system of rigid cash assessments has placed upon him a responsibility greater than he can support; and they demand the discovery and adoption of some more elastic method. (2.) As regards the soukar they have declared that he is indispensable to the existence of the cultivator; and they enquire how he is to be extricated from his present false position? These declarations are so important and so far reaching in their consequences, that I will presently set them forth more at length, quoting the words of the speaker; and shall afterwards submit some suggestions with reference to the problems put forward by Government for solution. But before doing this it seems necessary to take a brief general view of the situation. For in order to appreciate the full bearing of the new agrarian policy we must realize the condition and claims of all the parties interested. Before prescribing remedies we must have some clear understanding as to the constitution of each patient and the nature of the malady from which he is suffering.

Now in the land question there are three chief interests to be considered: the cultivator, the money-lender, and the State, as trustee for the public. And no settlement can be regarded as satisfactory unless it recognises and satisfies the just claims of all three. At present throughout the four Deccan districts each of these interests is in distress, and each is placed in a position of mischievous antagonism towards the others. As regards the distress of the raiyat it seems unnecessary for me to add anything to the long official record of his woes. "Ruined, despairing, and embittered;" all are agreed that to him at least some relief must be brought. As regards the other two interests popular sympathy has not been so much aroused. Indeed, in many minds there is a secret satisfaction in seeing the money-lender a loser: Shylock, as they would say, shorn of his gains. But this feeling cannot be shared by any one acquainted with the true sources of agricultural prosperity. Those who understand the real position of the Dekkhan cultivator know that he cannot possibly live without the money-lender; far less thrive. Moreover, when we calmly look at the situation, there is no reason why we should dislike the village soukar, who, according to his lights, maintains a laborious struggle for existence. And at present his condition is a very deplorable one. For when debtors are ruined creditors also must suffer. And during these famine years his hard earned savings have gone out in advances which will never be recovered. It must also be borne in mind that the small village money-lender has seldom capital of his own. He trades on capital borrowed from the big soukars who have their banking firms in the large towns. And he is now placed in a miserable position, the law giving him no protection against the big soukar, while it has created great difficulties in his way when he tries to recover his dues from the raiyat. It thus happens that for the last two years Marwadi money lenders have been the principal inmates of our civil jails. And similarly the existing system is found wanting when we come to consider the claims of the State, the third interest concerned. Public improvements and education call loudly for increased outlay. But the land revenue—the mainstay of the general landlord—remains inelastic and uncertain. For in bad years famine relief and remissions are a cause of loss, while no compensating gain accrues in years of plenty. And there is besides the constant and portentous loss by exchange; because we take the revenue in silver, the medium of payment most burdensome to the raiyat and least profitable to Government. Thus we see that each of the three interests concerned in the land question is in distress under the existing system. And unhappily the attitude of antagonism, which each occupies towards the others, forbids the hope that things will right themselves of their own accord. Instead of co-operating to produce improvement each contributes some element of confusion. Thus the great object in life of the ordinary indebted raiyat is to get no more out of the land than is sufficient to feed himself and his family. Why should he wish to produce a fine crop of sugar-cane or cotton, only to see it swept away under a decree of the civil court? He is not quite so simple as that. And, sad to say, he is gradually becoming an adept in defrauding his creditors, both public and private. On the other hand, the money lender, though his shop is full of bonds and unexecuted decrees, can make no profitable use of them. They are thoroughly effective to check any enterprise or industry on the part of the raiyat, but for purposes of recovery are only so much waste paper. Painful experience has taught the lender that to bring a suit for Rs. 100 costs about Rs. 25 in stamps and fees, while about Rs. 10 is the average collection effected by the courts. Why, therefore, should he throw good money after bad? Under these circumstances the only resource of the soukar is to increase the stringency of his dealings, exacting a bonus beforehand, and demanding mortgages and deeds of sale as the condition precedent of all future advances. Finally Government, owing to the general insolvency of the Dekkhan Districts, has been driven to measures of stringency as against both the rural classes. On the one hand we have the Dekkhan Raiyats Relief Act, which strikes a severe blow at the money lending business as at present conducted; while, on the other hand, the holdings of many raiyats have in recent years been sold up for arrears of land revenue. Some statistics showing the difficulty in realizing the revenue will be found in a valuable article on "The Agrarian Problem" published in the journal of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha. We find there set forth what collections were remitted or postponed in the various Talukas from 1873-74 to 1876-77. "Notwithstanding these remissions and suspensions, the raiyats found it difficult to pay up the assessment, and hundreds of survey numbers were sold for arrears of land revenue, and realized only nominal prices, or came back on the hands of Government unsold. In the Bhimathadi Taluka alone the number of defaulting raiyats in 1873 74 was 4,341, the amount due from whom was Rs. 82,421. To realize this sum two lacs (200,000) acres of land assessed at Rs. 1 35,000 were sold and realized Rs 15,010 in the sale. As many as 21,252 acres were bought in by Government in 1874-75, and 14,174 acres in 1875 76 for nominal prices. Many hundreds of acres were thrown out of cultivation in all the districts, so that after 30 years of trial, the condition of these unfortunate districts was no better than what it was when Captain Wingate and Mr. Goldsmid, the founders of the Bombay system of settlement, entered upon their enquiries in 1834-35."

From this review of the existing situation in the Dekkhan Districts we see that the three great interests connected with the land are all reduced to distress, and have, moreover, drifted into a position of mischievous antagonism to each other. It is this unhealthy condition of things which has forced itself on the attention of the central authorities. And the question is, what measures of administrative reform should be adopted? The Government of India affirms that the rigid and artificial rules of the Bombay land revenue system are chiefly to blame for the present deadlock. Let us very briefly consider what that system is, and enquire how far it has proved defective in practice? How has it worked under the various and special circumstances which distinguish the different provinces of this Presidency?

No one can doubt that the Bombay Revenue Survey and Settlement was originally one of the most benevolent and well conceived schemes that has ever been introduced into this country. I recollect, on first coming to India, 20 years ago, the admiration with which I was filled in reading the celebrated "Joint Report" of Mr. Goldsmid and Captain Wingate. It was a pleasure to note how each step proceeded on ascertained facts regarding the condition and customs of the people, the capability of the soil, and the past revenue history of the district; the whole scheme being controlled by broad and benevolent principles. As an application of scientific method to customary practice it seemed the beau ideal of what an Indian administrative measure should be. This first impression was in my case strengthened by being stationed in the Southern Mahratta Country, where a rich black soil and a sturdy class of yeoman proprietors supplied conditions very favourable to the success of the scheme. It was only after some years of experience in other parts of the Presidency that I began, regretfully, to admit that the practice of the Survey and Settlement Department was not in every case well adapted to the districts in which it was introduced, for example, in Sind, Canara, and Ratnagiri. The "Survey Rules" which measured the depth of the permanent soil and noted its quality, and which fixed a separate cash payment for each plot of ground, called the "Wakal" of the Dharwar cotton plain. But such a mechanical mode of valuation proved strangely unsuited to the speculative cultivation of the large zemindars in the Indus Valley, where the harvest depends upon the overflow of the river with its alluvial deposits. In the lands affected by the periodical inundations there are reckoned, according to local usage, three parall l belts or zones of cultivation. The middle one is very valuable indeed, because it ordinarily gets neither too much water nor too little. The other two belts are more precarious. For the crop nearest the water is drowned altogether when the river rises more than the average, while the outer zone is left high and dry if the inundation is a scanty one. Under such circumstances it was a tragical absurdity to see the Survey Karkuns digging in these zones and fixing their relative value according to the depth and quality of the soil. The first rude shock, therefore, which my confidence experienced was when I saw the Survey system introduced into Sind, and observed the unwillingness of the department to listen to local protests or modify its rules to suit altered circumstances. Also an unvarying cash assessment on each plot of ground is an arrangement unsuited to the conditions of the Indus Valley. The river is constantly changing its course; so that though in one year the alluvial mud produces a crop of grain which would do credit to the Nile, the same tract may next year, and for all years to come, be nothing but a dry and sandy waste. Similar anomalies, affecting both the valuation and the tenure of the land, have developed themselves when the system has been applied to the forest gardens of Canara, and the reclamations on the stony ridges of Ratnagiri. For every system that is worked by a powerful centralized department is intolerant of local peculiarities, and tends to become rigid and unyielding. So that the "Survey Rules" have proved a very bed of Procrustes on which, with many groanings, the zemindar of Sind, the Mulgae of Canara, and the Khot of Ratnagiri have been stretched, each in his turn. It is this same vice of rigidity, this refusal to recognise local peculiarities, which has marred the success of the survey system in dealing with the Dekkhan raiyat. The special and unfortunate characteristic of the Dekkhan districts is the extreme uncertainty of the harvest. It has been stated on authority that the cultivator hardly gets a full crop once in three years." For the land is mostly unirrigated; the rainfall is very precarious; and to secure a good harvest of the staple crops the rain must not only be sufficient in total quantity, but must fall at certain intervals and must be distributed in a particular way, say a minimum of one inch during each fortnight of the monsoon. Under these unfavourable circumstances the ordinary raiyat, who has no accumulated capital, is unable to stand alone. Living from hand to mouth, he cannot, without the help of the moneylender, tide over the years of famine and scarcity. And the consequence is that the land can be kept under cultivation, only by the combined action of the raiyat and the soukar;—a partnership between labour and capital. These are the special local facts which should have been taken into consideration, and the cardinal error of the Revenue Survey, as regards the Dekkhan Districts, is that it refuses to recognise the facts. It refuses to see the Raiyat as he really is, and places upon him the responsibility of punctual cash payments, a burden which he alone is quite unable to support; while it refuses to the soukar his just position in the rural economy, and forces him against his wish into an attitude of hostility. It is easy to trace this error from the very commencement. In the early Survey reports we find sketched out a pleasing picture of rural prosperity. Government, the universal landlord, content with a trifling quit rent, securing to the raiyat all the benefit of his improvements and enterprize. But in this Arcadian vision of the future no place is assigned to the capitalist. From this earthly Paradise the soukar is to be excluded, thrust into the back ground, and only recognized as the wily tempter who seeks to betray innocence to its ruin. Such being the original sentiment, it is easy to understand the indignation which was felt when, in the course of years, the real state of the case forced itself on the public attention; when it was seen that the raiyat was altogether too feeble to grasp the advantages offered to him; and that the Marwadi, an outsider, quietly secured to profits by the bounty of Government. Accordingly a strong feeling of animosity has been generated against the soukar who, in official documents, is referred to as the "Village Shylock," the "Vampire," and the "Blood-sucking Banis." But there can be no doubt that this feeling is both mistaken and mischievous. And the difficult problem before us cannot be dealt with reasonably until such prejudices are put aside; until the functions of the soukar are acknowledged and duly provided for. To use the words of Lord Cranbrook, the existence of the moneylender is the village polity is "as essential as that of the ploughman."

W. WEDDERBURN,
Bombay Civil Service.

Mahableshwur, May 16.

(*To be continued.*)

THE PACKING OF TOBACCO.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Can any of your readers suggest how tobacco in leaf ought to be pressed into bales without injury to the leaf?

The tobacco when dried is very brittle, and will not stand much pressing, hence it is necessary that some plan be adopted by which it would be kept from being crushed and broken.

There are about 1,50,000 Bengal maunds of tobacco produced annually in the Anand and Nariad districts of the Kaira Zilla, and the present mode of packing, is by wrapping it round first with coarse dungree cloth, then outside with ordinary gunny, and then lashing it over with ropes, which makes a kind of huge shapeless bale of about nine Bengal maunds in weight, which not only damages the tobacco, but is also awkward for transport.

TOBACCO.

IRISH RELIEF FUND.

THE following additional subscriptions have been paid into the Bank of Bombay up to the evening of the 3rd instant:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Amount carried forward	81,098	4	1
Subscriptions collected in the Health Department, Bombay Municipality, as follows:—			
Office Establishment	14	8	0
Superintending Establishment	62	13	0
Outdoor Establishment	211	10	0
	288	10	0
L Wilson	5	0	0
G M C	35	0	0
Subscriptions collected in the Ratnagiri District	160	0	0
The School of Industry, Ratnagiri	102	0	0
Subscriptions collected by the inhabitants of Surat as follows:—			
H H the Nawab of Sachin	150	0	0
H H the Raja of Baroda	100	0	0
Khan Bahadur Mir Ghulam Baba Khan	75	0	0
John Chadwick, Esq	28	0	0
Other small subscriptions	50	0	0
	400	0	0
Subscriptions through Captain Prideaux, the Political Agent in Bhopal, contributed by the Raja of Nursingarh	500	0	0
E Wright	10	0	0
Subscriptions collected by the Traffic Manager, Fort Trust, J Ryan, Esq., as follows:—			
Gooculdas Sophan	13	0	0
Sedashew Succaram	15	0	0
Ahimbhoy Allabhoy	50	0	0
Velji Jeevan	25	0	0
Ludha Soondarjee	20	0	0
Soondarjee Ludha	10	0	0
Ambjee Mahdeo	10	0	0
Narayenjee Mujee	10	0	0
Dhurmsee Narayen	10	0	0
Munordass Mukerjee	10	0	0
Abarjee Bmarsee	10	0	0
Crushna Wangarjee	10	0	0
Bavoo Keewjee	7	0	0
Cursonda a Raunchordass	10	0	0
Pesrbhoy Khimjee	15	0	0
Dwarkadas Vasunjee	10	0	0
Munjee Rowjee	10	0	0
Premjee Narayen	10	0	0
	257	0	0
E Cerdeaux, Esq, District and Sessions Judge of Khandesh	158	4	0
Subscriptions through the Political Agent, Kathiawar, Col. L C Barton, as follows:—			
H H the Jam of Navanagar	1,0	0	0
The Thakor Saheb of Rajkot	250	0	0
The Thakor Saheb of Morvi	750	0	0
The Thakor of Virpur	50	0	0
The Thakor of Kotra	50	0	0
The Thakor of Malia	50	0	0
Collected by the Thakor Saheb of Rajkot in his State	300	0	0
Collected by the Chief Karbaree of Kotra in that Taluka	74	8	0
Discount on hundi sent	2	0	0
	2,476	8	0
Through Colonel L C Barton, Political Agent, Kathiawar	400	0	0
A Parsee Lady	51	0	0
Colonel J Thatcher	10	0	0
Subscriptions collected in the Satara District by C A Richardson, Deputy Collector, Satara	440	12	0
Total	86,899	4	1

T. C. WEIR,
DOSABHOY FRAMJEE,
MORARJEE GOCULDASS,
MAHOMED ALI ROGAY,
Honorary Secretaries.

N. B.—Gentlemen who have not yet paid their subscriptions into the Bank of Bombay are earnestly requested to do so at their earliest convenience.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Victoria Gardens, "Al Fresco" entertainment, 9 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 20th:—Dewa Gungadhur, from Mauritius. Yesterday—Arrow (s), from Jamnuggur; Plantain (s), Liverpool; Mannythorpe (s), Cardiff.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Siam (s), to Melbourne.

THEFT.—Sonoo Geeloo was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing a quantity of wood belonging to Mahomed Lutiff, and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 15th inst., was 47 feet and 5 tenths. In the corresponding week last year it was 48 feet and 8 tenths.

DROWNED.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Worlee on the body of Megee, woman, who had accidentally fallen into a well while drawing water and was drowned. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

THE TRANSIT OF GOODS BY RAIL.—The B. B. and C. I. Railway Company publish a notice to the effect that they will not be responsible during the monsoon for damage by wet to manufactured goods that are not dammered or packed in waterproof covering. Further particulars will be found in our advertisement columns.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—The following alterations have taken place in the committee:—Mr. L. B. W. Forrest having resigned the honorary treasurership, Mr. R. S. Campbell has consented to act. Mr. Symons replaces Mr Barton as polo secretary and Mr. Acworth serves in the committee in place of Captain Cooke-Collis, who has gone to the front.

ABSCONDED.—Deen Mahomed Hasaan, a dealer in teas at Mody Bay, reported to the police on Thursday last that a man, named Goolam Hoosein, who had been living with him for the last two months, during complainant's absence carried away Rs. 70 in currency notes and cash from complainant's box and absconded. A search is being made for the accused.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS ON THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—On and after the 1st June the down mail train will leave Colaba at 6-30 in the morning, Madras time, and arrive at Ahmedabad at 9 p. m. The up mail will leave Ahmedabad at 7 o'clock in the morning and arrive at Colaba at 9-30 p. m. The down mixed will leave Colaba at 6 45 a. m. and arrive at Wadhwan at 12-35 p.m. The up mixed will leave Wadhwan at 8-15 a. m. and arrive at Colaba at 7 p. m.

THE THEFT IN THE SATARA DISTRICT.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, two Jews, named Moosa Nehamia and Hooza Ebrahim, were convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing sundry gold ornaments belonging to Ramchunder Wittul Saffray, that had been originally stolen by a servant of complainant, named Narrayen Wasudew Burves on the 10th instant at a village called Karrar in the Sattara district. It appears while Narayen Wasudew Burves was away at the Marwaree Bazaar endeavouring to get sale for a certain portion of the gold ornaments that he had stolen from his master, the two prisoners made off with the remainder of the ornaments that were kept in a house in which Narayen resided in Bombay. The two Jews were each sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. The man Narayen Wasudew will be prosecuted at Sattara.

RECOVERY OF AN STOLEN WATCH.—A watch and chain of the value of Rs. 220, which was reported to have been stolen on the 29th ultimo from Mr. W. H. Martin's residence at the Marine Lines have been recovered. The theft was discovered under singular circumstances. It appears that about ten days ago Mrs. Martin went with her son, a lad about eleven years of age, to Poona, and while there he told his mother that he took his father's watch and chain and gave it to Shaik Ebrahim Adool who is a son of Jemadar Shaik Abdool Wahab, of the Marine Battalion, as he (Shaik Ebrahim Adool) told the lad that he intended to purchase a similar watch and to make a chain of the similar pattern to that of his father's. He promised to return the watch, and asked the boy not to mention a word about it to his father. Mr. Martin happened to miss the watch before it was returned, and reported the matter to the police. The Jemadar's son, hearing this, beat Mr. Martin's son and threatened to kill him if he mentioned to his father that he had given the watch and chain to him. Consequently, the lad was afraid to divulge the matter to his father, until he related the whole circumstance to his mother at Poona. The case communicated to Mr. Inspector Chisholm, who subsequently arrested the accused Shaik Ebrahim Abdool. He made a confession and the watch was found in the prisoner's father's house in the lines. The chain he said he had given to Shaik Mahomed Cassim, who is a drummer of the same regiment, and who got the chain melted down and sold to a Marwaree for Rs. 11. Both the jemadar's son and the drummer had spent the money. They were yesterday charged before Mr. Nana Morojee with dishonestly receiving and voluntarily assisting in concealing and disposing of one gold lever watch and chain, valued Rs. 220, belonging to Mr. W. H. Martin, knowing or having reason to believe that the watch and chain were stolen property. The prisoners, after the case was partly gone into, confessed to having committed the offence, and they were each sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in weight in goods traffic on the B B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 15th May, 1880, was 65,688 maunds, and in money Rs. 23,035. The quantities carried and earnings compared with 1879 are as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 15th May, 1880.		Week ending 15th May, 1879		Increase.		Decrease.	
COTTON—								
Weight	Mds	1,04,443	Mds	41,642	Mds	62,821	...	
Amount	Rs.	59,401	Rs.	29,482	Rs.	29,919	...	
GRAIN—								
Weight	Mds	69,317	Mds	69,561	...		Mds	244
Amount	Rs.	20,369	Rs.	16,486	Rs.	3,883	...	
JUTE—								
Weight	Mds	7,26	Mds	17,854	...		Mds	10,309
Amount	Rs.	3,873	Rs.	9,409	...		Rs.	5,536
OTTON—								
Weight	Mds	604	Mds	29	Mds	56	...	
Amount	Rs.	1,522	Rs.	98	Rs.	1,424	...	
P. GOODS AND TWIST—								
Weight	Mds	3,855	Mds	4,895	...		Mds	1,040
Amount	Rs.	5,60	Rs.	4,441	...		Rs.	841
SALT—								
Weight	Mds	66,53	Mds	63,560	Mds	2,973	...	
Amount	Rs.	13,445	Rs.	13,256	Rs.	189	...	
SUNDRIES—								
Weight	Mds	17,937	Mds	21,191	...		Mds	3,337
Amount	Rs.	5,887	Rs.	8,329

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE, PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

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DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
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FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned.
Philippe Léon & Co.'s Champagne.....Quarts Rs. 36 per dozen.
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